NOTE XV.

ON A NEW SPECIES OF THE GENUS PAUSSUS, PAUSSUS ANDREAE, FROM JAVA.

BY

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This new species is very closely allied to *Paussus Ludekingii* v. Voll. [1]) of Sumatra, but differs specifically in having the club of the antennae more slender and less swollen, and the elytra without distinct punctures [2]). Both species belong to Westwood's [3]) section A (prothorax quasi bipartitus), b (antennarum clava postice excavata),* (species Asiaticae).

I have named the species in honor of its fortunate discoverer, whose father-in-law kindly presented the specimen to the Leyden Museum:

Paussus Andreae, sp. n.

Length 6 mm. — Black; the club of the antennae, the parts of the mouth and the tarsi dark piceous, the latter somewhat brighter; the hind margin of the elytra, the abdomen, the metasternum, the coxae and trochanters of the hind-legs and the coxae of the middle-legs brown-red.

1) *Stett. Entom. Zeitung.* Jahrg. XXXIII. S. 82 and XXXIV. Taf. I, fig. 6.

2) In the description of *Paussus Ludekingii* no mention is made of the obliquely impressed punctures on the elytra.

3) *Arcana Entomologica.* Vol. II. p. 168.

The head, the first joint of the antennae and the upper surface of the anterior division of the thorax dull, the rest of the body more or less shining.

The head terminating in front in two rounded and flattened divisions, the incision between which is somewhat angular; the face slightly excavated; the excavation with a slight raised line at its bottom, extending to the vertex of the head; the latter armed with a large stout tubercle, circularly excavated at the top. The first joint of the antennae very closely covered with large punctures, the inner margin very convex; the club more slender and less swollen as in *P. Ludekingii*, the under or front margin acute and slightly sinuated, the upper or hind margin very deeply excavated, the excavation of a stretched oval form and transversely sulcated, its margins denticulated, the dents of the outer margin with some rigid hairs at the top; along the inner margin of the excavation the club is very glossy. The anterior division of the thorax a little broader than the head and incised at the middle of the hind or upper margin; the anterior or upper surface dull, covered with some large indistinct punctures; the posterior division of the thorax shining, impunctate, about twice as broad as long, sinuated at its sides and excavated in its middle, the excavation much restricted at its centre. The elytra shining, without distinct punctures. The pygidium impunctate, very smooth and shining, its margins closely covered with reddish hairs. The head, antennae, upper surface of the anterior division of the thorax, lateral margins of the elytra, under surface of the body and the legs sparingly covered with short pale hairs.

Hab. Buitenzorg, West Java (A. C. Andreas).

Leyden Museum, January 1879.